

## **Bacterial Meningitis Information**

This information is being provided to all new college students in the state of Texas. Bacterial Meningitis is a serious, potentially deadly disease that can progress extremely fast – so take utmost caution. It is an inflammation of the membranes that surround the brain and spinal cord. The bacteria that causes meningitis can also infect the blood. This disease strikes about 3,000 Americans each year, including 100-125 on college campuses, leading to 5-15 deaths among college students every year. There is a treatment, but those who survive may develop severe health problems or disabilities.

#### WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS?

- High fever
- Rash or purple patches on skin
- Light sensitivity
- Confusion and sleepiness
- Lethargy

- Severe headache
- Vomiting
- Stiff neck
- Nausea
- Seizures

There may be a rash of tiny, red-purple spots caused by bleeding under the skin. These can occur anywhere on the body.

# The more symptoms, the higher the risk, so when these symptoms appear seek immediate medical attention.

HOW IS BACTERIAL MENINGITIS DIAGNOSED?

- Diagnosis is made by a medical provider and is usually based on a combination of clinical symptoms and laboratory results from spinal fluid and blood tests.
- Early diagnosis and treatment can greatly improve the likelihood of recovery.

#### HOW IS THE DISEASE TRANSMITTED?

• The disease is transmitted when people exchange saliva (such as by kissing, or by sharing drinking containers, utensils, cigarettes, toothbrushes, etc.) or come in contact with respiratory or throat secretions.

#### HOW DO YOU INCREASE YOUR RISK OF GETTING BACTERIAL MENINGITIS?

- Exposure to saliva by sharing cigarettes, water bottles, eating utensils, food, kissing, etc.
- Living in close conditions (such as sharing a room/suite in a dorm or group home).

#### WHAT ARE THE POSSIBLE CONSEQUENCES OF THE DISEASE?

- Death (in 8 to 24 hours from perfectly well to dead)
- Permanent brain damage
- Kidney failure
- Learning disability
- Hearing loss, blindness
- Limb damage (fingers, toes, arms, legs) that requires amputation
- Gangrene
- Coma

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Convulsions

#### CAN THE DISEASE BE TREATED?

- Antibiotic treatment, if received early, can save lives and chances of recovery are increased. However, permanent disability or death can still occur.
  - Vaccinations are available and should be considered for:
    - Those living in close quarters
    - College students 25 years old or younger
- Vaccinations are effective against 4 of the 5 most common bacterial types that cause 70% of the disease in the U.S. (but does not protect against all types of meningitis).
- Vaccinations take 7-10 days to become effective, with protection lasting 3-5 years.
- The cost of vaccine varies, so check with your health care provider.
- Vaccination is very safe most common side effects are redness and minor pain at injection site for up to two days.
- Vaccination is available at the on-campus student health center. The phone number to set up an appointment at A. P. Beutel Health Center is 979-458-8250. The current cost of the vaccination is \$105.

#### HOW CAN I FIND OUT MORE INFORMATION?

- Contact your own health care provider.
- Contact your student health center at 979-458-8250 or http://shs.tamu.edu/
- Contact your local or regional Texas Department of Health office. The Brazos County Health Department can be reached at 979-361-4440 for more information.
- Contact web sites: <u>www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dbmd/diseaseinfo;</u> <u>www.acha.org</u>



### **Bacterial Meningitis Acknowledgement**

The Texas Legislature (Chapter 51, Education Code, Section 51.9191; Chapter 38, Education Code, Section 38.0025) requires all public institutions of higher education in Texas to notify all new students about bacterial meningitis. Please read the included information about the symptoms, diagnosis, modes of transmission, risks, available treatments, and where to find information about bacterial meningitis.

I have read the included information about bacterial meningitis.

**Printed Name** 

Date

Signature

With few exceptions, state law gives you the right to request, receive, review and correct information about yourself collected on this form.

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